MANAGEMENT COMMUNICATIONS

December 31, 2018

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Table of Contents

COMMUNICATION TO THE COMMISSION	1
SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Change in Net Position Analysis – 3 Years	5

APPENDIX

Management Representation Letter



To the Commissioners

Door County Tourism Zone Commission
Sister Bay, Wisconsin

We have audited the financial statements of the Door County Tourism Zone Commission, Sister Bay, Wisconsin (the "Commission") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018. The Commission's financial statements, including our report thereon dated May 8, 2019, are presented in a separate audit report document. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

OUR RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER U.S. GENERALLY ACCEPTED AUDITING STANDARDS AND GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

As stated in our engagement letter, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control over financial reporting.

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions is not an objective of our audit.

PLANNED SCOPE AND TIMING OF THE AUDIT

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our correspondence about planning matters.

SIGNIFICANT AUDIT FINDINGS

Consideration of Internal Control

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Commission as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Our report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters is presented on pages 17-18 of the annual report.



Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Commission's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Commission are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2018. We noted no transactions entered into by the Commission during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. To the best of our knowledge, all significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates included in the financial statements were:

- Management's estimate of the depreciable life of the capital assets is based upon analysis of the expected useful life of the capital assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions and the consistency in these factors and assumptions used to develop the depreciable life in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.
- Management's estimate of the net pension liability (asset) and related deferred outflows/inflows of resources is based on information received from the Wisconsin Retirement System. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the net pension liability (asset) and related deferred outflows/inflows of resources in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statements users. There were no particularly sensitive financial statement disclosures.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. Copies of the audit adjustments are available from management. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole. Management did not identify and we did not notify them of them of any uncorrected financial statement misstatements.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. No such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated May 8, 2019. The management representation letter follows this communication.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Commission's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditors' opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Commission's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and, to the best of our knowledge, our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the schedules relating to pensions, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information, including whether the RSI has been measured and presented in accordance with prescribed guidelines, whether the methods of measurement and preparation have been changed from the prior period and the reasons for any such changes, and whether there were any significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement or presentation of the RSI. We compared the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the supplementary information, which accompanies the financial statements but is not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

We were engaged to report on the supplementary information, which accompanies the financial statements but is not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves. We have issued our report thereon dated May 8, 2019.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the Commission, and management of Door County Tourism Zone Commission and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sincerely,

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

defantamallen LIP

Green Bay, Wisconsin May 8, 2019

SUMMARIZED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

NET POSITION ANALYSIS

Beginning in 2015, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued a new standard related to the reporting of the Commissions' proportional share in the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS), commonly referred to as GASB 68. With this standard that was implemented for the Commission as part of the 2017 audit, adjustments were recorded to show the Net Pension Asset (Liability) and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources for the Commissions' proportionate share of the WRS System.

These assets and liabilities are reported on the balance sheet of the Commission and subsequent year changes to these WRS pension related assets, liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows are reflected in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position of the Commission for each calendar year ending December 31. These WRS and OPEB items recorded with the implementation and subsequent adjustments related to GASB 68 are not directly controlled by the Commission. Therefore, below is a summarized statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position as presented on the audited financial statements for these years with a final adjustment to remove the change in net position related to GASB 68 adjustments for that fiscal year.

	2018	2017	2016
Operating Revenues	4 4000 044		4 450040
Room taxes Late fees and interest	\$ 4,892,211 24,227	\$ 4,660,647 40,995	\$ 4,459,049 20,873
Total Operating Revenues	4,916,438		4,479,922
Operating Expenses			
Administration	85,907	68,318	54,123
Professional fees	90,899	88,730	76,575
Legal	13,579	13,638	14,700
Office	10,439	9,038	15,604
Insurance	3,951	2,677	3,724
Advertising	-	4,456	6,260
Miscellaneous	4,629	3,911	5,137
Depreciation	107	107	31
Payments to Door County Visitor Bureau	3,228,860	3,076,047	2,942,952
Distributions to municipalities	1,467,665		1,337,705
Total Operating Expenses	4,906,036	4,665,124	4,456,811
Operating Income	10,402	36,518	23,111
Interest income	34	* ******	-
Change in Net Position, Per Audit	10,436	36,518	23,111
Adjustments for other items: Pension	(2,259)	(1,402)	
Change in Net Position, without other items	\$ 8,177	\$ 35,116	\$ 23,111

WRS pension related activity are reflected in the employee fringes and benefits line on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. For the year ended December 31, 2018, the change in net position of the Commission, after adjusting for the WRS related activity for the year, shows an increase in net position of \$8,177.



DOOR COUNTY TOURISM ZONE COMMISSION

PO Box 55, Sister Bay, WI 54234 920-854-6200, Fax: 920-854-9019 E-mail: info@dctourismzone.com

Website: www.doorcountytourismzone.com

May 8, 2019

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP 2200 Riverside Drive P.O. Box 23819 Green Bay, WI 54305-3819

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of Door County Tourism Zone Commission, Sister Bay, Wisconsin (the "Commission"), which comprise the financial position as of December 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Items are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would be changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement.

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, as of May 8, 2019, the following representations made to you during your audit of the financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018.

Financial Statements

- We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the audit engagement letter dated February 5, 2019, for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The financial statements include all properly classified funds and other financial information of the primary government and all component units required by generally accepted accounting principles to be included in the financial reporting entity.
- 2. We acknowledge and have fulfilled our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- 3. We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud.
- 4. Significant assumptions used by us in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.

- Related party relationships and transactions, including, but not limited to, revenues, expenditures/expenses, loans, transfers, leasing arrangements, and guarantees, and amounts receivable from or payable to related parties have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the requirements of U.S. GAAP.
- No events, including instances of noncompliance, have occurred subsequent to the financial statement date and through the date of this letter that would require adjustment to, or disclosure in, the financial statements.
- 7. We have not identified or been notified of any uncorrected financial statement misstatements.
- 8. We are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims, or assessments or unasserted claims or assessments that are required to be accrued or disclosed in the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and we have not consulted a lawyer concerning litigation, claims, or assessments.
- 9. Guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the entity is contingently liable, if any, have been properly recorded or disclosed in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
- 10. Arrangements with financial institutions involving repurchase, reverse repurchase, or securities lending agreements, compensating balances, or other arrangements involving restrictions on cash balances and line-of-credit or similar arrangements, have been properly recorded or disclosed in the financial statements.
- 11. The fact that the amount of "uncollateralized" deposits or "uninsured, unregistered securities held by the counterparty, or by its trust department or agent but not in the entity's name" during the period significantly exceeded the amounts in those categories as of the financial statement date was properly disclosed in the financial statements.
- 12. Receivables recorded in the financial statements represent valid claims against debtors for transactions arising on or before the financial statement date and have been reduced to their estimated net realizable value.
- 13. The methods and significant assumptions used to determine fair values of financial instruments are as follows: Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The methods and significant assumptions used result in a measure of fair value appropriate for financial statement measurement and disclosure purposes.
- 14. We have no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets, liabilities, or equity.
- Capital assets have been evaluated for impairment as a result of significant and unexpected decline in service utility. Impairment loss and insurance recoveries have been properly recorded.
- 16. We believe that the actuarial assumptions and methods used to measure pension liabilities and costs for financial accounting purposes are appropriate in the circumstances.
- 17. We do not plan to make frequent amendments to our pension benefit plans.

Information Provided

- We have provided you with:
 - Access to all information, of which we are aware, that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements such as records, documentation, and other matters.
 - b. Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit.
 - Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
 - d. Complete minutes of the meetings of the governing board and related committees, or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared.
- All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.
- 3. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 4. We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud that affects the entity and involves:
 - a. Management;
 - b. Employees who have significant roles in internal control; or
 - c. Others when the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 5. We have no knowledge of any allegations of fraud, or suspected fraud, affecting the entity's financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, grantors, regulators, or others.
- 6. We have no knowledge of any instances of noncompliance or suspected noncompliance with laws and regulations and provisions of contracts and grant agreements, or abuse whose effects should be considered when preparing financial statements.
- 7. We are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims, or assessments, or unasserted claims or assessments, that are required to be accrued or disclosed in the financial statements in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and we have not consulted a lawyer concerning litigation, claims, or assessments.
- 8. There are no other material liabilities or gain or loss contingencies that are required to be accrued or disclosed in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
- 9. We have disclosed to you the identity of the entity's related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware,
- 10. The entity has satisfactory title to all owned assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets, nor has any asset been pledged as collateral, except as made known to you and disclosed in the financial statements.
- 11. We have a process to track the status of audit findings and recommendations.

- 12. We have identified to you any previous audits, attestation engagements, and other studies related to the audit objectives and whether related recommendations have been implemented.
- 13. We are responsible for compliance with the laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements applicable to Door County Tourism Zone Commission, including tax or debt limits and debt contracts; and we have identified and disclosed to you all laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements that we believe have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts or other financial data significant to the audit objectives, including legal and contractual provisions for reporting specific activities in separate funds.
- 14. There are no violations or possible violations of budget ordinances, laws and regulations (including those pertaining to adopting, approving, and amending budgets), provisions of contracts and grant agreements, tax or debt limits, and any related debt covenants whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements, or as a basis for recording a loss contingency, or for reporting on noncompliance.
- 15. The entity has complied with all aspects of contractual or grant agreements that would have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of noncompliance.
- 16. We have followed all applicable laws and regulations in adopting, approving, and amending budgets.
- 17. There are no component units nor joint ventures with an equity interest, and the financial statements properly disclose all other joint ventures, jointly governed organizations, and other related organizations.
- 18. The financial statements properly classify all funds and activities.
- 19. Components of net position (net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted) and equity amounts are properly classified and, if applicable, approved.
- 20. Deposits and investment securities and derivative instruments are properly classified as to risk and are properly valued and disclosed.
- 21. Capital assets, including infrastructure and intangible assets, are properly capitalized, reported, and, if applicable, depreciated.
- 22. We have appropriately disclosed the entity's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available and have determined that net position is properly recognized under the policy.
- 23. We acknowledge our responsibility for the required supplementary information (RSI). The RSI is measured and presented within prescribed guidelines and the methods of measurement and presentation have not changed from those used in the prior period. We have disclosed to you any significant assumptions and interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the RSI.

May 8, 2019 CliftonLarsonAllen LLP Page 5

- 24. We acknowledge our responsibility for presenting the supporting schedules (the supplementary information) in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and we believe the supplementary information, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information have not changed from those used in the prior period, and we have disclosed to you any significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the supplementary information.
- 25. As part of your audit, you prepared the draft financial statements and related notes. We have designated an individual who possesses suitable skill, knowledge, and/or experience to understand and oversee your services; have made all management judgments and decisions; and have assumed all management responsibilities. We have evaluated the adequacy and results of the service. We have reviewed, approved, and accepted responsibility for those financial statements and related notes, state financial report, and Public Service Commission annual report.
- 26. We agree with the findings of specialists in evaluating the pension benefits and have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialist in determining the amounts and disclosures used in the financial statements and underlying accounting records. We did not give or cause any instructions to be given to specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and we are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had an impact on the independence or objectivity of the specialist.

Signature:	5/10/13
Josh Van Lieshout, Chairperson, Door County Tourism Zone Commission	1. 1
Signature: Many Olivery	CPA
Kerber, Rose & Associates, S.C.	

•			
			i

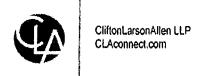
December 31, 2018

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2018

Table of Contents

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	5
Statement of Cash Flows	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset) - Wisconsin Retirement System	17
Schedule of Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System	17
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	17
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Room Tax Revenue by Municipality	18.
ADDITIONAL INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	19



Independent auditors' report

To the Commissioners

Door County Tourism Zone Commission
Sister Bay, Wisconsin

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Door County Tourism Zone Commission, Sister Bay, Wisconsin ("the Commission") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the Commission's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Commission as of December 31, 2018, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



OTHER MATTERS

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the schedules relating to pensions on page 15 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The financial information listed in the table of contents as supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

We also have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America the statements of net position of Door County Tourism Zone Commission as of December 31, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for each of the four years in the period ended December 31, 2017 (none of which is presented therein), and we expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Those audits were conducted for purposes of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The schedule of room tax revenue by municipality is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the December 31, 2017, 2016, 2015 and 2014 financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of those financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements from which it has been derived.

Prior Year Summarized Financial Information

The 2017 financial statements were audited by Schenck SC, whose practice became part of CliftonLarsonAllen LLP as of January 1, 2019, and whose report dated May 18, 2018, expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements from which the prior year summarized financial information was derived.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated May 8, 2019, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clepton Famoulle LLP

Green Bay, Wisconsin May 8, 2019

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2018 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2017

	2018	2017	
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 380,065	\$ 356,954	
Receivables	400 (25	100 242	
Customer accounts	100,625	100,343	
Prepaid items	2,177	2,175	
Total current assets	482,867	459,472	
Other assets			
Net pension asset	4,262		
The perior asset			
Capital assets			
Nondepreciable	4,169	4,169	
Depreciable	3,924_	4,031	
	0.000	2222	
Total capital assets	8,093	8,200	
Total assets	495,222	467,672	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related amounts	9,974	1,402	
Tallata Classes allostics			
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	220,842	206,497	
Accrued and other current liabilities	2,368	2,154	
Special deposits	5,838_	5,286_	
Total liabilities	229,048_	213,937	
, o to (no miles			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related amounts	10,575		
NET POSITION	8,093	8,200	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	4,262	0,200	
Unrestricted	253,218	246,937	
O) ii Coci (CCCC		410,001	
Total net position	\$ 265,573	\$ 255.137	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018 WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

	2018	2017
OPERATING REVENUES		
Room tax	\$ 4,892,211	\$ 4,660,647
Late fees and interest	24,227	40,995
Total operating revenues	4,916,438	4,701,642
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Administration	85,907	68,318
Professional fees	90,899	88,730
Legal	13,579	13,638
Office	10,439	9,038
Insurance	3,951	2,677
Advertising	•	4,456
Miscellaneous	4,629	3,911
Depreciation	107	107
Payments to Door County Visitor Bureau	3,228,860	3,076,047
Distributions to municipalities	1,467,665	1,398,202
Total operating expenses	4,906,036	4,665,124
Operating income	10,402	36,518
NONOPERATING REVENUES Interest income	34	
interest intome		
Change in net position	10,436	36,518
Net position - January 1	255,137_	218,619
Net position - December 31	\$ 265,573	\$ 255,137

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018
WITH COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

		2018		2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from room tax Cash paid for employee wages and benefits Cash paid to suppliers	\$	4,916,708 (87,952) (109,154)	\$	4,709,374 (68,934) (113,948)
Cash remitted to contract tourism entity		(3,228,860)		(3,076,047)
Cash remitted to municipalities		(1,467,665)		(1,398,202)
Net cash provided by operating activities		23,077		52,243
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received		34		
Change in cash and cash equivalents		23,111		52,243
Cash and cash equivalents - January 1		356,954		304,711
Cash and cash equivalents - December 31	<u>\$</u>	380,065	<u>\$</u>	356,954
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities	\$	10,402	\$	36,518
Depreciation Change in liability (asset) and deferred outflows and inflows of resources		107		107
Pension Change in operating assets and liabilities		(2,259)		(1,402)
Accounts receivables		(282)		8,386
Prepaid items		(2)		(565)
Accounts payable		14,345		9,067
Accrued and other current liabilities		214		786
Special deposits Net cash provided by	****	552		(654)
operating activities	\$	23,077	\$	52,243
				
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statement of net position				
Cash and cash equivalents in current assets	<u>\$</u>	380,065	\$	356,954
Noncash capital and related financing activities				

None

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Door County Tourism Zone Commission, Door County, Wisconsin (the "Commission"), have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the Commission are described below:

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Commission was formed under Section 66.0615 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Commission was created on April 12, 2007 for the purpose of promoting and developing tourism. The jurisdiction of the Commission is presently the entire Door County, Wisconsin area. All of the individual city, villages, and towns of Door County are members of the Commission by agreement. This includes the City of Sturgeon Bay, the Villages of Egg Harbor, Ephraim, Forestville, and Sister Bay, and the Towns of Baileys Harbor, Brussels, Clay Banks, Egg Harbor, Forestville, Gardner, Gibraltar, Jacksonport, Liberty Grove, Nasewaupee, Sevastopol, Sturgeon Bay, Union, and Washington.

The municipalities in the tourism zone enacted a room tax ordinance to collect a 5.5% tax on transient lodging. Although the tax is owed to the municipality, the tourism zone by agreement makes all collections and distributes the amounts in accordance with the agreement. The agreement provides for a monthly distribution of the room tax collections as follows:

- ▶ 30% to municipality where lodging facility is located.
- ▶ 66% to be distributed to a contracted tourism entity in accordance with an agreed-upon budget.
- ▶ 4% to be used for administrative expenses.

The Commission is governed by members appointed by each municipality along with two additional members appointed by the Commission. The term of the municipal agreements was five years from the effective date of January 1, 2007. After the first five years, any member may withdraw, without penalty, from the agreement upon giving the Commission six months' notice.

The Commission has not identified any component units that are required to be included in the financial statements in accordance with standards established in GASB Statement No. 61.

B. ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The accounts of the Commission are accounted for in an enterprise fund as required by GAAP. Enterprise funds are used to account for government operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability and other purposes.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Enterprise funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources associated with the operation are included on the Statement of Net Position. Enterprise fund operating statement present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by enterprise funds. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Unpaid enterprise fund service receivables are recorded at year-end. All capital assets are capitalized at historical cost and depreciated over their useful lives.

Enterprise funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Commission is room tax collections. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Commission's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION

1. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are combined in the financial statements. Cash deposits consist of demand and time deposits with financial institutions and are carried at cost. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all cash deposits and highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less from date of acquisition are considered to be cash equivalents.

2. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that the amount of such allowance would not be material to the financial statements.

3. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors that will benefit periods beyond the end of the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items and are accounted for on the consumption method.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and building improvements, are reported in the financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Commission as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or higher and an estimated useful life in excess of a year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the Commission are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	39

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

5. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The recognition of those outflows and inflows as expenses or expenditures and revenues are deferred until the future periods to which the outflows and inflows are applicable.

7. Net Position

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- Net investment in capital assets. Amount of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and capital related deferred outflows of resources less outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and any capital related deferred inflows of resources.
- Restricted net position. Amount of net position that is subject to restrictions that are imposed by 1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position. Net position that is neither classified as restricted nor as net investment in capital
 assets.

E. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. PRIOR YEAR INFORMATION

Comparative amounts for the prior year have been presented in the financial statements to provide an understanding of changes in the Commission's financial position and operations. The comparative amounts may be summarized in total and not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the government's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017, from which the summarized information was derived.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

NOTE 2: DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Commission maintains one cash account what is displayed on the financial statements as "Cash and investments".

Invested cash consists of deposits and investments that are restricted by Wisconsin Statutes to the following:

Time deposits; repurchase agreements; securities issued by federal, state and local governmental entities; statutorily authorized commercial paper and corporate securities; and the Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool.

The carrying amount of the Commission's cash and investments totaled \$380,065 on December 31, 2018 as summarized below:

Deposits with financial institutions

\$ 380,065

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Wisconsin statutes require repurchase agreements to be fully collateralized by bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government or its instrumentalities. The Commission does not have an additional custodial credit policy.

Deposits with financial institutions within the State of Wisconsin are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all time and savings deposits and \$250,000 for interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing demand deposits per official custodian per insured depository institution. Deposits with financial institutions located outside the State of Wisconsin are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts per official custodian per depository institution. Also, the State of Wisconsin has a State Guarantee Fund which provides a maximum of \$400,000 per public depository above the amount provided by an agency of the U.S. Government. However, due to the relatively small size of the State Guarantee Fund in relation to the Fund's total coverage, total recovery of insured losses may not be available. This coverage has been considered in determining custodial credit risk.

As of December 31, 2018, none of the Commission's deposits with financial institutions were in excess of federal and state depository insurance limits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

B. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2018 was as follows:

Control of the state of the sta	ginning alance	Inc	reases	Decre	eases		indlng alance
Capital assets, nondepreciable: Land	\$ 4,169	\$		\$	-	\$	4,169
Capital assets, depreciable: Buildings and improvements	 4,169						4,169
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements	 138		107		**		245
Total capital assets, depreciable, net	 4,031		(107)			·	3,924
Activițies capital assets, net	\$ 8,200	\$	(107)	\$	-	\$	8,093

C. PENSION PLAN

1. Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employee prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

2. Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2007	3%	10%
2008	6.6	0
2009	(2.1)	(42)
2010	(1.3)	22
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2,9	2
2016	0.5	(5)
2017	2.0	4

3. Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, and Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee Category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period ending December 31, 2018, the WRS recognized \$3,718 in contributions from the Village.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Contribution rates for the reporting period are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (executives and elected officals)	6.8%	6.8%
Protective with Social Security	6.8%	10.6%
Protective without Social Security	6.8%	14.9%

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2018, the Commission reported an asset of \$4,262 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016 rolled forward to December 31, 2017. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The Commission's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the Commission's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2017, the Commission's proportion was 0.00014356%, which was an increase of 0.00014356% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2016.

For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Commission recognized pension expense of \$1,402.

At December 31, 2018, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows esources	 ed Inflows esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 5,414	\$ 2,533
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	5,859
Changes in assumptions	842	=
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share		
of contributions	-	2,183
Employer contributions subsequent to the		
measurement date	 3,718	
Total	\$ 9,974	\$ 10,575

The \$3,718 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the Commission's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension asset in the year ended December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	
December 31,	 Expenses
2019	\$ (83)
2020	(582)
2021	(2,006)
2022	(1,651)
2023	 3
Total	\$ (4,319)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension asset in the December 31, 2017, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date:

Measurement date of net pension liability (asset):

December 31, 2016

December 31, 2017

Entry Age

Fair Value

Long-term expected rate of return:

Discount rate:

Inflation

December 31, 2017

December 31, 2017

Entry Age

Fair Value

7.2%

7.2%

3.2%

Seniority/Merit 0.2% - 5.6%

Mortality Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table

Post-retirement adjustments* 2.1

* No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 2.1% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2015 using experience from 2012 - 2014. The total pension liability for December 31, 2017 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Current Asset	Long-term Expected Nominal	Long-term Expected Real
	Allocation %	Rate of Return %	Rate of Return %
Core Fund Asset Class			
Global equities	50%	8.2%	5.3%
Fixed income	24.5%	4.2%	1.4%
Inflation sensitive assets	15.5%	3.8%	1.0%
Real estate	8%	6.5%	3.6%
Private equity/debt	8%	9.4%	6.5%
Multi-asset	4%	6.5%	3.6%
Total Core Fund	110%	7.3%	4.4%
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. equities	70%	7.5%	4.6%
International equities	30%	7.8%	4.9%
Total Variable Fund	100%	7.9%	5.0%

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.75%

Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

Single Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.20% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.20% and a long-term bond rate of 3.31%. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.20% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 2.1% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan members contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.2 percent, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to		Current		1% Increase to	
	Discount Rate (6.20%)		Discount Rate (7.20%)		Discount Rate (8.20%)	
Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	s	11.028	ς .	(4.262)	ς .	(15,884)
	-	,020	~	(1,202)	~	(13)004)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

6. Payables to the Pension Plan

At December 31, 2018, the Commission reported \$612 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan for the year ended December 31, 2018.

NOTE 3: OTHER INFORMATION

A. AGREEMENT WITH DOOR COUNTY VISITOR BUREAU

On June 28, 2007, the Commission entered into an agreement with the Door County Visitor Bureau (DCVB) for the purpose of providing staff, visitor center facilities, support services and assistance in developing and implementing programs to promote and develop the tourism zone. The first amendment to the agreement was signed in February of 2009. The second amendment to the agreement was approved in May of 2012. In accordance with the agreement, the DCVB is appointed the agent of the Commission. The Commission is obligated to distribute 66% of monthly room tax to the DCVB consistent with their annual adopted budget.

The initial term of the agreement was for five years, consistent with the term of the Commission's Intergovernmental Agreement and thereafter renewable automatically on a year-to-year basis, unless either party to this agreement declines the renewal position with at least six months' notice.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2018

B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Commission carries commercial insurance. Payments of premiums for these policies are recorded as expenses of the Commission.

C. CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, the Commission is party to other various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecast with certainty, it is the opinion of management that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the Commission's financial position or results of operations.

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Plan Year Ending	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Sha Ne	portionate are of the t Pension lity (Asset)	-	Covered Payroll (plan year)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability (Asset)
12/31/17	0.00014356%	\$	(4,262)	\$	20,617	20.67%	102.93%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year Ending	Re			Relation to the Contractually Required		Relation to the Contractually Contractually Required		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		(Covered Payroll (fiscal year)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
12/31/17 12/31/18	\$	1,402 3,718	\$	1,402 3,718	\$ \$		-	\$	20,617 55,500	6.80% 6.70%			

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

There were no changes of benefit terms or assumptions for any participating employer in the WRS.

The Commission is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF ROOM TAX REVENUE BY MUNICIPALITY
FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, AND 2014

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
MUNICIPALITY					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
City of Sturgeon Bay	\$ 646,494	\$ 639,604	\$ 632,955	\$ 586,918	\$ 567,932	
Village of Egg Harbor	428,686	419,627	418,951	388,306	353,730	
Village of Ephraim	603,597	567,201	559,881	507,218	455,470	
Village of Sister Bay	607,588	584,855	528,374	491,513	455,657	
Town of Baileys Harbor	370,552	347,880	356,455	297,971	271,034	
Town of Brussels	-	-	-	223	247	
Town of Clay Banks	6,009	5,931	5,537	5,582	4,461	
Town of Egg Harbor	441,745	401,485	369,740	344,628	317,505	
Town of Forestville	390	197	422	297	88	
Town of Gardner	36,483	34,129	33,767	34,660	26,823	
Town of Gibraltar	733,021	708,336	643,310	632,299	608,540	
Town of Jacksonport	96,810	92,832	86,127	76,351	73,645	
Town of Liberty Grove	356,367	321,833	306,401	285,354	247,327	
Town of Nasewaupee	104,257	103,726	102,404	94,595	82,252	
Town of Sevastopol	334,449	322,325	317,830	289,239	266,313	
Town of Sturgeon Bay	37,806	29,416	25,662	25,723	26,874	
Town of Union	3,902	1,862	337	539	-	
Town of Washington	84,055	79,408	70,897	69,412	60,607	
TOTAL	\$ 4,892,211	\$ 4,660,647	\$ 4,459,050	\$ 4,130,828	\$ 3,818,505	

ADDITIONAL INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Independent auditors' report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Commissioners

Door County Tourism Zone Commission

Sister Bay, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Door County Tourism Zone Commission, Sister Bay, Wisconsin, (the "Commission") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 8, 2019.

INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Commission's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

PURPOSE OF THIS REPORT

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Commission's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control and on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Saranallen LLP

Green Bay, Wisconsin May 8, 2019